RAILROADS.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Schedule corrected to January 9, 1902.
Trains leave from Pennsylvania Station,
3:01 a.m. Daily. Local for Harrisonburg, Warrenton, Charlotte and way stations,
10:51 a.m. Daily. Washington, Richmond and
Florida Limited. First-class coach and drawingroom sleeper to Jacksonville. Dining car service.
11:15 a.m. Daily. United States Fast Mail.
First-class coaches and drawing-room sleeper to
New Orleans. Dining car service.
41:37 a.m. Daily. Local for Warrenton and Charotteswille.

4:01 p.m. Week Days. Local for Harrisonburg and way stations on Manassas branch.
4:30 p.m. Daily. Local for Warrenton and Char-

lettesville.
6:35 P.M. Week Days. "The Southern's Palm Imited." All Puliman train New York and Washington to Alken, Augusta and St. Augustine, Fla., composed of club, compartment, drawing room and observation cars. Dining car service.
9:50 p.m. Daily. Washington and Chattanooga Limited (Via Lynchburg). First-class coach and sleeping car to Roanoke, Chattanooga and Memphis; sleeper to New Orleans. Dining car service.
9:50 p.m. Daily. New York and Atlanta Express. First-class coach and sleeper to Atlanta; Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Sunset Route Tourist sleeper Washington to San Francisco, Pullman buffet service.

9:55 p m. Daily. New York and Florida Express. 9:55 p.m. Dally. New York and Florida Express. First-class coach and sleeper to Savannah, Jack-sonville and Port Tampa; sieeper to Summerville, Charleston, Augusta, and to Thomasville, Ga., and connection for Alkee. Dining car service. 10:45 p.m. Daily. Washington and Southwestern Limited. All Pullman train, club and observation cars to Atlanta and Macon; sleepers to Nashville, Atlanta, Macon, Memphis, New Orleans. Tri-weekly to Pinehurst, N. C., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Dining car service.

TRAINS ON BLUEMONT BRANCH.

Leave Washington 9:01 a.m. daily, 1:00 p.m.,
4:35 p.m. said 4:49 p.m. week days, and 6:25 p.m.

Sundays only for Bluemont, and 6:25 p.m. week
days, and 11:40 p.m., theater train, Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays for Leesburg.

Through trains from the South arrive Washington 6:42 a.m., 6:52 a.m., 7:35 a.m., 10:15 a.m. daily except Mondays, 2:00 p.m., 9:00 p.m., and 9:30 p.m. daily. Local trains from Harrisonburg. 11:37 a.m. week days and 9:40 p.m. daily. From Charlottesville, 8:28 a.m. and 9:40 p.m. daily.

Tickets, sleeping car reservations and detailed information can be had at ticket offices, 705 15th 5t., 511 Pennsylvania ave. and Pennsylvania Sta-tion. Baggage checked through from hotels and

'Phone Main 1441, P. R. R. Cab Service. FRANK S. GANNON, 3d V. P. and Ger NK S. GANNON, 3d V. P. and Gen. Mgr. S. H. HARDWICK, General Pass'r Agent. L. S. BROWN, General Agent.

Pannsylvania RAILROAD

STATION CORNER OF SIXTH AND B STREETS. 7:50 A.M. daily. PITTSBURG EXPRESS.-Parlor and Dining Cars Harrisburg to Pittsburg. 10:50 A.M. daily. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED .-Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking and Observa-

tion Cars Harrisburg to Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Cleveland and Toledo. Buffet Parlor Car to Harrisburg. 10:50 A.M. daily. FAST LINE .- Pullman Buffet

Parlor Car to Harrisburg. Buffet Parlor Car Harrisburg to Pittsburg. 8:30 P.M. daily. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EX-

PRESS.-Sleeping Car Washington to St. Louis and Sleeping and Dining Cars Harrisburg to Indianapolis, St. Louis, Louisville (via Cincinnati) and Chicago.

7:15 P.M. daily. ST. LOUIS EXPRESS .- Pullman Sleeping Car Harrisburg to St. Louis. 7:45 P.M. daily, WESTERN EXPRESS.-Pullman Sleeping Car to Pittsburg and Chicago. Dining

Car to Chicago. 7:45 P.M. daily. CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.-Pullman Sleeping Cars Washington to Pittsburg, and Harrisburg to Cleveland and Cincinnati. Dining Car.

10:40 P.M. daily. PACIFIC EXPRESS.-Pullman Sleeping Car to Pittsburg. 5:50 A.M. daily. BUFFALO DAY EXPRESS, with

through Parlor Car, Dining Car and Coaches to Buffalo, via Emporium Junction. 7:50 A.M. for Kane, Canandaigua, Rochester and Nisgara Falls daily except Sunday.

10:50 A.M. for Elmira and Renovo daily except Sunday. For Williamsport daily, 3:30 P.M. 7:15 P.M. daily. BUFFALO NIGHT EXPRESS. with through Buffet Sleeping Car and Coaches to Buffalo, via Emporium Junction.

daily for Erie; for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls daily except Saturday, with Sleeping Car Washington to Rochester

19:40 P.M. for Erie, Canandalgua, Rochester, Buf-Talo and Niagara Falls daily. Pullman Sleeping Car Washington to Rochester Saturdays only.

4:00 P.M., "Congressional Limited," Daily for New York, all Parlor Cars, with Dining Car from Baltimore.

For Philadelphia, New York and the

Express, 7:00 (D'ning Car), 7:57 (Dining Car) 9:00, 10:00 (Dining Car), 10:25 and 11:00 (Dining Car from Wilmington) A.M., 12:45, 3:15, 4:50 (Dining Car from Baltimore), 6:50, 10:00 P.M. 12:10 night. On Sundays, 7:00 (Dining Car), 7:57 (Dining Car), 9:00, 10:25, 11:00 (Dining Car from Wilmington) A.M., 12:15, 2:15, 4:50 (Dining Car from Baltimore), 6:50, 10:00 P.M., 12:10 night. For Philaderphia only, Express, 7:45 A.M., 12:15 P.M. week-days, 2:01, 4:10 and 5:40 P.M.

For Boston, without change, 7:45 A.M. week-days and 4:50 P.M. daily.

For Baltimore, 6:15, 7:00, 7:45, 7:50, 7:57, 9:00, 10:00, 10:25, 10:50, 11:00 A.M., 12:15, 12:45, 1:28, 2:01, 3:15, 3:30 (4:00 Limited), 4:10, 4:20, 4:33, 4:50, 5:40, 6:15, 6:50, 7:15, 7:45, 10:60, 10:40, 11:35 P.M. and 12:10 night. On Sundays, 7:00, 7:50, 7:57, 9:00, 9:05, 10:25, 10:50, 11:00 A.M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:01, 3:15, 3:30 (4:00 Limited), 4:10, 4:20, 4.50, 5:40, 6:15, 6:50, 7:15, 7:45, 10:00, 10:40 P.M. and 12:10 night.

For Pope's Creek Line, 7:45 A.M. and 4:33 P.M. week-days. For Annapolis, 7:00, 9:00 A.M., 12:15 and 5:40

P.M. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 A.M. and 5:40 P.M. Ticket offices, corner Fifteenth and G streets.

and at the station, Sixth and B streets, where orders can be left for the checking of baggage to destination from botels and residences. Telephone call "1441" for Pennsylvania Railroad

Cab Bervice. J. B. HUTCHINSON.

J. R. WOOD, General Manager. General Passenger Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO

RAILROAD.

Leave Washington, New Jersey ave. and C st. Chicago and Northwest, *10:45 a.m., *6:20 p.m.

Cincinnati, St. Louis and Louisville, *10:05 a.m.,

*3:45 p.m., *1:10 night.

Pittsburg and Cleveland, *10:45 a.m., *8:30 p.m. end *1:00 night.
Columbus and Wheeling, *6:20 p.m.
Winchester, †8:35 a.m., †3:45 and †5:30 p.m.

Luray, *3:45 p.m. Annapolis, †7:15, §8:30, †8:35, †11:55 a.m., *5:35 p.m. Frederick, †8:35, ‡9:00, †10:45 a.m., £1:15, †4:30, †6:20 p.m.

p.m.
Frederick, †8:35, \$9:00, †10:45 a.m., \$1:15, †4:30, †6:20 p.m.

Hagerstown, †10:05 a.m. and †5:30 p.m.

Boyd and way points, †8:35, \$9:00 a.m., \$1:18, †4:30, †5:30, \$10:15, †11:30 p.m.

Gaithersburg and way points, †8:35, \$9:00 a.m., \$1:18, †1:50, \$1:15, †1:30 p.m.

Gaithersburg and way points, †8:35, \$9:00 a.m., †12:50, \$1:15, †1:30 p.m.

Washington Junction and way points, †8:35, \$9:00 a.m., \$1:15, †4:30, †5:30 p.m.

Baltimore, week days, x3:00, 5:00, 6:30, x7:05, x7:15, x8:30, 8:35, x9:30, x19:00, 11:55 a.m., x12:30, poon, x1:35, x3:00, x4:00, x4:00, x1:30, 11:35 p.m. sundays, x3:00, x7:05, x7:15, 8:30, x9:00 a.m., x12:30, x1:15, x3:00, x3:30, x5:05, x5:35, 6:30, x8:00, x10:00, x11:30, x11:35 p.m.

ROYAL BILE LINE.

All trains filuminated with Pintsch light.

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and the cast, *3:00, *7:05 (diner), *8:30 (buffet), \$9:00 (diner), †10:00 (diner) a.m., *12:30 (diner), *5:00 (diner), *8:00 and *11:30 p.m. (Sleeping car open at 10:00 o'clock).

Pullman cars on all day trains.

Atlantic City, *12:30 noon.

*Daily, *Except Sunday, *Sunday only, xExpress trains.

Baggage called for and checked from hotels and residences by Union Transfer Co. on orders left at ticket offices, 619 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, New York avenue and 15th street and at station.

nois

Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.

Trains leave from Pennsylvania Station.

3:00 P.M. DAILY-Cincinnati and St. Louis Special—Solid train for Cincinnati, Pullman Sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville, Indianapelis and St. Louis without change. Connection for Virginia Hot Springs. Dining Car. Paclor Cars Cincinnati to Chicago.

11:10 P.M. DAILY-F. F. V. Limited—Solid train for Cincinnati. Pullman Sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington and Louisville without change. Compartment Sleeper to Virginia Hot Springs Toesdays and Saturdays. Dining Car Sleepers Cincinnati to Chicago and St. Louis.

Reservation and tickets at Chesapeake and Ohio office, 513 Pennsylvania svenue; 600 Fourteenth street near F, and at the station. Telephone call, Main 1441, for Pennsylvania Railrond Cab service.

H. W. FULLER.

RAILROADS.

SEABOARD AIR LINERY. CAPITAL CITY ROUTE, LEAVE WASHINGTON, P. R. R. STATION: 11:01 A.M., SEABOARD DAILY FAST MAIL-Through Pullman Sleeper to Jacksonville, con-necting at Hamlet with Pullman Sleeper to At-lants.

FLA. AND METROPOLITAN LIMITED 7 P.M. FLA. AND METROPOLITAN LIMITED DAILY-Solid Train to St. Augustine. Pullman Drawing Room, Compartment, Observation and Dining Cars. Also Pullman Sleeper to Atlanta. Pullman Sleeper Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays to Southern Pines (Pinehurst). These trains offer excellent schedules to Petersburg, Raleigh, Southern Pines (Pinehurst), Camden, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville and all Florida points; Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta, New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, all points west and southwest. 4:50 A.M. DAILY, LOCAL—To Petersburg, Raleigh, Southern Pines (Pinehurst), Hamlet and intermediate points.

Office: 1421 Penn. ave.

R. E. L. BUNCH.

Gen. Pass. Agt.

Gen. Agt.

Gen. Pass. Agt.

ARLINGTON—MYER—FALLS CHURCH.
STATION, AQUEDUCT BRIDGE.
To Falls Church — x6:15, x6:50, x7:20, x8:30, x9:30, 10:30, x1:30, x2:30, x1:30, x2:30, x3:30, 4, x4:30, 5, x5:30, 6, x6:30, 7, x8, x9:30, x11, x12.
Sat. and Sunday night, hourly after 8 P.M. Hourly to West End on Sunday.

To Myer and Arl.—†6:15, †7, †7:50, †8:45, 9:15, †9:45, ... †7:45 P.M., †8:45, †9:45, †10:45, †11:50, †7.50 Nauck. Coach across bridge, 8 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

TOBACCO INTERESTS HEARD

CONSIDERATION OF CUBAN RECI-PROCITY RESUMED.

Growers of the Leaf Appear Before the Ways and Means Com-

The ways and means committee yesterday resumed its hearings on Cuban reciprocity with special reference to the proposed reduction on Cuban tobacco. The tobacco interests of the United States were largely represented, the officers of the large leaf, manufacturers and growers' associations being present. John R. Young, president of the Na-

tional Leaf Tobacco Association, made an earnest plea against any tobacco concessions to Cuba. He said there undoubtedly was a public sentiment in favor of granting relief to Cuba, but he contended that we should be as just to the people of our own country as to the people of foreign to the Rappahannock river and load lum-

The purpose of the movement for reciprocity, he said, was to have the whole expense of Cuba's relief fall on two American industries-tobacco and sugar. was now a tobacco acreage in Ohio of 35,000 acres; Wisconsin, 25,000; Pennsylvania, 22,000; New York, 72,000, Connecticut. 11,000, and several thousand acres in other states, all of which production would be seriously crippled.

As to cigars, Mr. Young declared that the proposed concessions would "wipe out the American-made ten-cent cigar." The Cuban cigarmaker would lay down a cigar here for less than the American manufacturer receives for his high-grade goods, and the Cuban would have the advantage of hav-ing his goods advertised as "imported cigars." This, Mr. Young said, would secure for Cuba the entire American market for all goods above five cents.

Representative Richardson of Tennessee asked if the price of cigars would be reduced to the cigar smoker. Mr. Young said the price would be reduced, but he did not believe the consumer would ask this reduction at the expense of the American industry.

J. Wertheim of New York, head of a

cigar concern employing 6,000 people, presented the serious effect of concessions on the American cigar interests. George Storm, president of the American Tobacco Growers' Association, and also an extensive cigar manufacturer, also argued against concessions to Cuba. He stated that the tobacco interests of Cuba were not as much depressed as represented that they were prosperous and enjoyed great advantage in the American market, and that in effect they now desired an absolute monopoly of the American market. If the calamity of annexation came, Mr. rm said, the tobacco interests would bow to it, but for the present they pro-Cuba and destroy those of the

INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

Protest Against the Leasing of Stand-

ing Rock for Five Years. From the Mandan (N. D.) Pioneer. Is not the poor Indian being squeezed into a corner every year that is getting a little tighter and tighter? We hear every little while that certain rations have been cut off, with promise on the part of the government that at a certain date they will be cut down still closer. The latest to some big cattle syndicate means more squeezing of the unfortunate red man. Today bids are being opened in Washington for the leasing of the reservation, and while it is true that the money realized from the leasing is to go into the coffers of the Indian, yet the amount that the individual and fine specimens. Indian will get will be small, and not at all commensurate with the damage that will be done him. Take for instance one premium on Indian thrift that is contained in the advertisement for bids. There is a provision that any Indian who has more than 100 head of cattle, is not allowed to graze them without first making satisfactory arrangements with the lessee of the reservation. No maximum price is placed on what the lessee may charge the Indian for his cattle over 100. No reason exists why he should not place a prohibitive price on the Indian cattle if he regards it as being to his interest to do so. Then, too, the leasing for five years is a bad proposition. It is an experiment at best, and five years s a very long time before the mistake can be corrected, if it is a mistake. It seems that the Indian department is not quite close enough to the Indian to thoroughly appreciate his needs. We are willing to give the department credit for desiring to what is best for the wards of the government, but the department is liable to influenced by men who have axes to

DETAILS OF PANAMA FIGHT.

Government Ships Were Surprised by the Revolutionists.

A dispatch from Colon, Colombia, yesterday says: The Chilean line steamer Lautaro (seized by the late General Alban). armored and used as a man-of-war by the Colombian government, and the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamer Chiulto (chartered by the late General Alban) while anchored close together in the harbor of Panama, near the Island of Perico, were unexpectedly attacked at 6 o'clock yesterday morning by the revolutionary steamer Padilla and the tugboat Darien. After some active firing by all four vessels, Gen-eral Carlos Alban was killed. Fire broke out in the forward part of the Lautaro, and this vessel sank at about 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The Chicuito was superbly handled during yesterday's engagement,

and was very aggressive.

The death of General Alban is an irreparable loss not only to the isthmus, but to the entire republic of Colombia. In the field he was an active and fearless foe; in victory he was magnanimous almost to a This is the tribute paid the Colombian general by the press of the isthmus. He was a man whose praises were sung even by his enemies. The surgeon and hospital corps of the United States cruiser Philadelphia at Pan-

ama were busy yesterday rendering medi-cal aid to the men wounded in yesterday's engagement. The Philadelphia is the only man-of-war at the isthmus.

The Colombian government is making

every possible preparation both here and at Panama to repulse the land attack by the insurgents which is momentarily ex-There are nearly one thousand government troops at Panama under the command of General Garcia. Senor Ajona remains civil governor of this district ending the receipt of instructions from

The Colombian gunboat General Pinzon coaled here yesterday and sailed at 8 o'clock last night for Savanilla. She is expected to return to Colon by the end of this week with reinforcements for the government.
Colon remains perfectly quiet. Many liberals, including Domingo de la Rosa, were

Post office officials made two important Telephone Main 1068. General Passenger Agent. arrests of green goods swindlers in Boston Tuesday.

A QUANDARY.

Undecided as to Future Possession and Making but Slight Repairs-General Matters.

The occupants of the wharves along the river front, from the Long bridge to the arsenal, are all at sea as to whether or not to rebuild and repair them. How long the wharf holders will be able to control the wharves when the District takes possession of them and whether they will be reimbursed for the money expended on the wharves are the main factors preventing the general repair of river-front property. A number of the wharves need general overhauling, but the holders of the prop-

erty are only putting such repairs on them as are absolutely necessary to keep them in condition for use. The stock of fish on hand at the 11th street wharf market this morning was small, few, if any, fish having been received from the river and the receipts of frozen fish being light. Prices today are about the same as yesterday, and are as follows: For pan rock, 14c. per pound; medium rock, 16c. to 18c. per pound; boiling rock, 22c. to 25c. per pound; sheepshead, 6c. to Sc.; white perch, 10c. to 13c. per pound; carp, 4c. per pound; jumping mullets, 3c. to 5c. per pound; pike, 8c. to 10c. per pound; black bass, 12½c. to 17c. per pound; sal-mon trout, 10c. per pound; catfish. 20c. to 35c. per bunch; river mullets, 20c. bunch; yellow perch. 25c, to 40c, per bunch, and winter shad, \$1.75 to \$2 per hundred. The supply of oysters on hand at the wharf is large enough to meet all demands, nine vessels with fully 5,000 bushels aboard having arrived yesterday. Prices this morning are a little lower, the small oysters selling at 50c, per bushel and ranging

from that to \$1.20 per bushel. Vessels Coming and Going. The schooner James M. Hull, from the James river with a cargo of about 80,000

feet of pine lumber, has arrived for Johnson & Wimsatt. The two-masted schooner A. H. Quinby, now in port here, has been chartered to go

ber for H. L. Biscoe. The schooner Clara Coward, laden with lumber from Nomini creek, has arrived in

port in tow of the tug Wm. H. Yerkes, jr., for Carter & Clark.

The tug Favorite, with the Standard Oil Company barge No. 78, in tow sailed yesterday from Alexandria for Baltimore. The three-masted ram schooner Grace G. Bennett, loaded with lumber and shingles from Newbern, N. C., for Johnson & Wimsatt, is at Norfolk awaiting the disappear-

ance of ice from the Potomac.

The schooner Sarah J. Tyler will complete the loading of her cargo of fertilizer at the 11th street wharf of T. W. Riley, and will sall for the Nansemond river, Va. The schooner James Conner is loading fertilizer at the same wharf for Norfolk. The schooner S. L. Bowen is laid up at the 10th street wharf of the American Ice

Company for the winter.
The tug Minerva sailed yesterday with a tow of light sand scows for the sand and gravel digging machine near Glymont.

Mr. Jos. Punch, mate of the ferry line steamer Columbia, was off duty yesterday wing to sickness.

Buoy Disappears.

The officers of the Glymont mail steamer Estelle Randall report the black buoy marking the shoal off Holloway Point, Fairfax county, Virginia, has disappeared. The buoy has, it is thought, been picked up by the drifting ice and carried down the The disappearance will be reported to the lighthouse officials.

Messrs. Cumberland & Sons this morning began at their boat yard, foot of 9th street construction of a large lighter for Messrs. Johnson & Wimsatt. The new boat will be used for the handling of lumber and building material. She will be 50 feet long, tested against a movement calculated to 16 feet wide and 3½ feet deep. It will be enrich the tobacco and cigar industries of ready for use about the middle of Feb-United | ruary

Plans are being perfected for the rebuilding of the steamer T. V. Arrowsmith be-fore the opening of the next excursion season. The steamer will be modernized, and will be put in thorough order.

Mr. Augustus Dean, the proprietor of the new boat-building yard near the old canal at the north of Alexandria, was painfully injured a day or two ago, a piece of heavy timber falling upon and crushing one of his eet. Mr. W. H. Yerkes, manager of the Ameri-

can Ice Company here, has received a let-ter stating that the cutting of ice on the Kennebec river, Maine, for use here during the summer months has been begun. The large garbage reduction plant at cockpit Point on the Potomac, in which all Rock reservation for a term of five years the garbage from this city is destroyed, is running night and day, and is working a large force of hands.

posed to have fallen into the river and drowned while trying to fly across it, were seen floating between this city and Alexandria yesterday. The fowls were all large

COL. FLOYD-JONES DEAD.

He Was a Veteran of the Mexican and Civil Wars.

Col. De Lancey Floyd-Jones, who was formerly well known in this city, died at the Park Hotel in New York Monday, and his funeral will take place from Trinity Church there this morning.

Col. Floyd-Jones was born on Long Island in 1826. He was graduated from West Point in time to perform active service in the Mexican war. He was brevetted a second lieutenant of the 7th Infantry on July 1, 1846, and as a second lieutenant in the 4th Infantry he took part in the siege of Vera Cruz, the battles of Cerro Gordo and Molino del Rey and the capture of the Mexican capital. For gallant and meritorious conduct at Molino del Rey he was brevetted first lieutenant.

In 1854 he became captain in the 4th and as such served in the Klamath Indian cam-paign in 1856. He served throughout the civil war and was brevetted trains civil war and was brevetted twice for gal-lant conduct, the last brevet being that of tysburg. He also took part in the battles of Gaines and Malvern Hills, Manassas, Antietam, Sharpsburg and the Peninsula campaigns. After the war was over he continued in the service until 1879, serving on the plains a great deal of that time with the 19th Infantry. For six years he was colonel of the 3d Infantry.

Col. Floyd-Jones was a member of the

Union, Metropolitan, Tuxedo, New York, St. Nicholas, Aztec and South Side sports-men's clubs, the Audobon and St. Nicholas

His first wife died many years ago, but he married again in 1878 the daughter of President Oglesby of the Louisiana Naional Bank, who is now living in Florence,

CROKER OUT OF POLITICS.

Ex-Tammany Boss Again Announces His Complete Retirement.

A dispatch from New York last night says: Richard Croker was given a dinner and a silver service tonight by the honorary staff of the 1st Battery, New York National Guard. This honorary staff is made up of sixty-six congenial spirits belonging to Tammany Hall and the Democrafic Club. In reply to the speech of Andrew Freedman in presenting the service Mr. Croker said, in part: "I want to say that I have retired from

politics for good and all time to come. I have been at the head of our organization with your assistance for seventeen years exactly this month. In the seventeen years exactly this month. In the seventeen years we have lost just two battles. I feel now that it is my duty, as Mr. Kelly felt seventeen years ago, to lay down the labor of the leadership. I undertook to do the work for seventeen years, and have now put it on the shoulders of a younger and more progressive man. I have no doubt our enemies will say, There is a string tied to this. Croker doesn't intend to get out at all, but they are entirely mistaken." Mr. Croker frequently referred to Lewis Nixon, his successor, as leader of Tammany Hall and bespoke for him the friendship and aid of the members, and then astonished all by announcing that he was to sail for England tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. He closed by saying that his stay abroad would be but for a short time.

BY MAIL \$1.50 PER YEAR.

ALONG THE RIVER FRONT CONDITION OF THE BANKS M. CAMBON ON DIPLOMACY

OCCUPANTS OF LOCAL WHARVES IN REPORTS SHOW IT TO BE HIGHLY FRENCH AMBASSADOR SPEAKS TO

by the Controller of the Currency-Increase in Loans

William Barret Ridgely, controller of the currency, when asked in regard to the reports of conditions of the national banks,

"The summary of the reports of condi-

made the following statement:

SATISFACTORY.

tion of the national banks at the close of been completed and given to the press, shows the business of the banks to be in a highly satisfactory condition. In fact, it sets a new high record in the main features of the report, such as aggregate resources, individual deposits, capital and surplus. At the time of the last report, September 30, 1901, these items had reached the highest point ever known, but the reports of December 10 show a still further rise. The aggregate resources show an increase of \$27,383,341.53 since September 30, 1901, and \$580,640,942,97 since December 13, 1900, the total now reaching the enormous sum of \$5,722,730,635.49. The individual deposits increased \$36,664,732.49 since the last report and \$340,420,443.94 during the last year, the total now being \$2,964,417,965.82. The capital stock increased since September 30, 1901, by \$9,998,784, and for the year by \$32,987,259. The surplus and undivided profits increased \$18,333,171.59 since September 30, 1901, and \$45,002,018.24 since December 13, 1900. The total capital, surplus and undivided profits on December 10, 1901, was \$1,114,235,943,47.

Loans and Discounts.

"The loans and discounts show an increase since September 30, 1901, of \$81,-349,071.07, and since December 13, 1900, of \$331,720,803.69. The bills payable and rediscounts show a reduction since last report of \$6,541,554.66 and an increase for the year of \$6,264,815.08. Stocks and securities increased since the last report by \$2,966, 023.39, and for the year by \$78,100,930.83. There is a decrease shown of \$7,029,372.89 in the amount of specie on hand since the last report, but a net increase of this item for the year of \$9,980,274.18. The circulation also shows a decrease since last re-port of \$4,426,285.50, but an increase for

the year of \$20,509,992. "The item of real estate, other than banking houses, which has steadily de-creased since December 1, 1898, shows a further small decrease. This item reached maximum December 1, 1898, of \$30,-965,488.61. This was due to the real estate which the banks had acquired during the times of depression. One of the first effects of the business revival was to enable the banks to sell this property, and this item in the reports has shown a decrease at each report until it is now reduced to \$22,962,670.30. The matter of real estate owned is one of the most frequent causes of criticism of bank reports and it is gratifying to see the reduction in that

"The average reserve held by all the banks is 23.71 per cent. The ratio of total deposits to capital stock is 6.3; to capital and surplus 4.4.

No Cause for Any Uneasiness.

"I was asked today by the correspondent of a leading New York paper if I did not feel some uneasiness over the large increase in the aggregate deposits without a corresponding increase in the reserve. I replied that the average reserve of all the banks in the country on December 10, 1901. was 26.71 per cent, or 1.71 per cent more than the legal requirements of a reserve city. As long as the reserve is ample I see no cause for any uneasiness in the inperous condition of business and that the banks are fulfilling their proper duties in furnishing credits upon which to do the very large business now being done in all lines. This is what shows the difference between good and bad times.

at the December statement follows;	has been as
	Per cent
	of
Date of report.	reserve.
December 17, 1896	32.42
December 15, 1897	31.81
December 1, 1898	31.34
December 2, 1899	27 15
December 13, 1900	28 72
December 10, 1901	26.71

"When times were bad and business dull the money accumulated in the banks and was not properly or profitably employed. There was no very considerable variation in the amount of cash reserves, bu cash reserves, but through lack of confidence and depression values the loans and discounts were reduced and the deposits fell off to As confidence was restored and the volume of business increased the amount of cash resourcestbecame the basis for the larger business, the deposits increased largely through increases in loans and discounts, and the percentage of reserves fell from 32.42 to 26.71 per cent in five years. Of course, the amount that credits can be expanded is limited by the cash reserves, and until there is some cash reserves, and that there is some in-crease in this we are approaching the limit of credits with our reserve at 26.71 per But at the latter figure it is still

ample for safety. Bank Strength in Crises.

"During the past year the banks have shown their strength in several trying occasions. On May 9 there occurred one of the most violent and sudden stock panics in the history of the New York stock exchange without making any trouble with the national banks. When the President was killed in September last the banks any signs of weakness anywhere. three months has come the tremendous decline in the price of copper stocks and some other securities. Any one of these last three things might have led to a serious panic, if the condition of the banks had not been very strong and the general business of the country had not peen on a very sound basis. As it is, eral business has not felt them at all, but continues as if nothing of the kind had happened. The stock panic of the 9th of May last really did a good service in stopping the excessive stock speculation, which was becoming dangerous, and the banks was becoming dangerous, and the banks are in a better condition on this account. Periods of general prosperity are generally brought to an end by the collapse of speculation and there is now very little of this kind hanging over the situation.

"We see in the controller's office every the places and business man from every the property of the situation."

day bankers and business men from every part of the United States and the report is unanimous from all that business is in splendid condition and their customers prosperous and making money. The iron and steel and coal trades never were botter and the amount of the railroad ness is only limited by the cars and locomotives required to handle it. "Of course we have had several years of very good business and must be that much nearer a period of lesser activity, but I cannot see anything in the bank situation to justify any alarm to any one who is not looking for trouble or who does not want

Change at Northwestern University. A dispatch from Chicago yesterday says: Prof. Edmund J. James of the University of Chicago was elected president of Northwestern University at a meeting of the trustees of the university held here today. He will succeed Dr. Henry Wade Rogers, who resigned eighteen months ago. It is not probable that any immediate action will be taken by officials of the university against Prof. Charles W. Pearson, who rethe infallibility of the Bible. At a meetthe infallibility of the Bible. At a meet-ing of the executive committee of the uni-versity today the matter was referred to a special committee of three, which will report when it has finished its investiga-

Nationalists' Treasury Depleted. A dispatch from Dublin says: The recent and prospective retirement of nationalist members of the house of commons are attributed in some quarters to the depleted condition of the nationalist treasury. It is thus far totals only \$1,100, over half of which amount came from the United States.

NEW YORK LAWYERS.

The Occasion Was the Annual Meeting of the Bar Association of That State.

The annual meeting of the New York State Bar Association opened in Albany yesterday. The feature of the session was the address of William R. Hornblower of New York city, president of the association, on "The State Constitution of 1894, as Afbusiness December 10, 1901, which has just feeting Appellate Tribunals." He reviewed the history of appellate courts of the state, and told of the congested condition of the calendar of the court of appeals, which led to the amendments to the judicial article of the constitution made by the constitutional convention of 1894.

The feature of the evening was a speech by the French ambassador, M. Jules Cambon, in the assembly chamber.

M. Cambon had chosen a most interest ing subject-the relations of diplomacy to the development of int rnational I w lic and private. He opened his address by Saying that there are rew can

that of a diplomat. It is readily assumed in some quarters, he said, that the prime function of a diplomat is simply to serve on all occasions of international courtesy while in others it appears to be the idea that the paths over which the diplomat travels are deep and dark, and that, consequently, diplomacy, in its essence, is in-trigue, pure and simple. It would be difficult to conceive a grosser error, said the ambassador. M. Cambon then sketched rapidly the conditions in the fifteenth, sixteently and seventeenth centuries which gradually drew the nations of Europe into a mutua determination to establish some sort of an equilibrium among themselves, and brought about the simultaneous birth of diplomacy and international law. The fundamental duty of diplomacy, the ambassador said, is to enforce respect for the provisions of inernational law and to foster their continuous development, thereby rendering essen tial service to the advancement of civilization, and strengthening the social bond which links together the nations of the world. M. Cambon next touched upon several of the international conventions, which he likened to pieces of masonry forming a substantial portion of the grand edifice of international law. Little remains today, he said, of the events which brought about the congress of European nations at Paris n 1855, after the war in the orient, yet its rulings have left a lasting trace on international law. The full portent of the new principles proclaimed by the conference at The Hague, he continued, is not altogether understood as yet, but those principles are destined to become engraved on the conscience of humanity. The ambassador took occasion in this connection to pay a tribute to his colleague and friend, Lord Pauncefote, who took such an active part in the conference at The Hague.

M. Cambon then entered upon that phase

of his subject which touched private interests, and the relations between nations as to the application of their private laws to foreigners. While we are free to admit common rules in the domain of public law, he said, we are forced to acknowledge that nothing is more mutable than private law, and the role of diplomacy is to understand the divergence of these laws, to seek to reconcile them, and thus to endeavor to protect the rights of private parties even in a foreign land. He pointed out that France was the first nation to enter upon this field when, in 1760, she concluded with Sardinia a treaty which allowed the execu-tion in France of judgments properly rendered in Sardinia. In certain countries, he continued, the mode of organization crease of deposits based on increase of loans. It rather indicates an active, prosthe carrying out of international agreements, and in this connection the ambassador called attention to the fact that the individual rights of the states which form the United States at times complicate the ts relations with foreign powers. It seems he said, that, since the states can have no individual intercourse with foreign powers, the federal government, which alone possesses the right to negotiate on their behalf, should be empowered to see to the complete execution of the agreements

'We must aim," said M. Cambon, in concluding his address, "to destroy all those barriers between civilized nations which maintain between them a certain indefinable spirit of latent hostility—a lingering vestige of the old barbarism." In time of war private property should receive the same protection in naval as in land campaigns, said the ambassador, and he stated as his opinion that the maintenance of prize laws robs the combatants of that attribute which does them the most honor-

disinterested sacrifice in their country's "While much remains to be done," said the ambassador, "each day sees the nations grow more considerate of one another in mutual intercourse. It is a notable fact that after the recent happenings in China, France returned to the Chinese government the works of art which had been shipped to her, while President Roosevelt has just restored to China a sum of \$376. 000 which had been seized in Tientsin. Such generous proceedings would have greatly astonished our ancestors."

STRIKE RIOTS IN BOSTON.

Entire Police Force of the City Held

on Duty. A dispatch from Boston last night says: The demonstrations today resulting from the strike of 400 or more drivers employed by the forty-seven master teamsters who refused to pay the schedule of wages recently agreed upon between the Team Drivers' Union and the Master Teamsters' Association bid fair to be repeated tomorrow, and in anticipation of such a contingency the entire police force of the city will be held in readiness. In addition, there is the prospect of a general strike of freight

handlers throughout the city. Seven arrests, nearly all of union men, were made during the day and night. Scenes of wild disorder were enacted in various parts of the city during the after noon and evening, the spite of the crowds being directed wholly against the drivers of teams owned by the R. S. Brine Transportation Company, the largest of the concerns that have declined to sign the sched-

The Allied Freight Transportation Councli late tonight unanimously voted to give the conciliation committee of the council full power to order a general strike whenever they may deem it advisable. This, in effect, means that if this strike is not settled shortly, all the men included in the membership of the Allied Freight Trans-portation Council will be called out. Of the forty-seven teaming concerns against whom the present movement was started, twenty-two, mostly small employers, signed the new agreement today

Marconi's Engagement Broken.

Mrs. H. B. Holman of New York city announced yesterday that her daughter had asked William Marconi, the developer of wireless telegraphy, to release her from her engagement to marry him, and that Mr. Marconi had complied with her request.

A Lion as a Lottery Prize. From the Paris Messenger.

At Dieppe a "tombola" was drawn at the

menagerie pezon-the prize, a living lion!

Immediately the winning number was an-

nounced, the holder cried out: "This way!"

and held up the lucky ticket. "All right." said the manager; "the lion is yours." Thereupon the winner approached the cage a pair of scissors in hand, and stretched forth his arm, evidently to "mark" the right lion, but was stopped by an employe, who cautioned him to be careful or he might "smart" for his haste. "Very well," said the winner; "I will sleep over it, and let you know tomorrow how I have arranged for the delivery." "No, no," said the manager; "the lion must be taken away seance tenante." "Well," replied the winner, "you have kept your word in offer-ing me a live lion, but I would rather have a dead one! Give me five minutes to get a gun and I will soon settle the matter." The manager said he had no objection to that plan, but added: "What will you do with a dead lion? You will only get the skin! Now, I have got the skin of a dead lion THE SATURDAY STAR which I will give you, and you can let me keep the live Mon." This arrangement, AUCTION SALES. FUTURE DAYS.

WALTER B. WILLIAMS & CO., AUCTIONEERS. Large and well-assorted stock of Groceries, Can and Shelf Goods, Platform and other Scales. Counters, Show Cases, Horse, Wagon and Harness at auction.

On FRIDAY, JANUARY TWENTY-FOURTH, AT TEN O'CLOCK A.M., will be sold, at our auction rooms, corner 10th and D sts. (facing Penn. ave.) northwest, being the stock of a retail dealer, removed to our sales rooms for convenience of sale, and to be sold without reserve, partially enumerated, well-assorted stock of Shelf and Can Goods, Teas, Coffees, Flour, Vinegar, Cigars, Pickles, Raisins, Preserves, Soap, Spices, Buckets, Brushes, Whips, Cash Register, Counters, Platform Scale, Coffee Mill, Gasoline Tank, Bowser Oil Can, Meat Chopper, Block and Bench, and many other articles too numerous to mention, usually found in a first-class retail store.

class retail store.

ALSO, AT TWELVE O'CLOCK M.,
HORSE, WAGON AND HARNESS. ja22-2t WALTER B. WILLIAMS & CO., Aucts.

ja22-2t WALTER B. WILLIAMS & CO., Aucts.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED REAL ESTATE, PREMISES NO. 1312 NINE-TEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.

By virtue of a decree of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, passed in Equity Cause No. 22129, the undersigned, trustees, will offer for sale, at public auction, in front of the premises, on MONDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1902, AT FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., part of lot No. sixty-three (63), of David L. Morrison's subdivision of lots fifty-eight (58) to sixty-one (61), both inclusive, of his former subdivision of sublots in square No. one hundred and fifteen (115), beginning for the same on the west side of 19th street at the northeast corner of said lot and running thence south twenty (20) feet; thence west seventy-two (72) feet six (6) inches; thence north three (3) feet; thence east three (3) feet; thence north seventeen (17) feet, and thence east sixty-nine (69) feet six (6) inches to the point of beginning, with alley privileges, according to a plat of said first mentioned subdivision, duly recorded November 7, 1882, in Liber No. 11, at folio 182, one of the books of the surveyor's office of said District.

Terms: One-third (5) cash on day of sale, balance in two equal Installments, payable one (1) and are more misunderstood by the public than books of the surveyor's office of said District,
Terms: One-third (%) cash on day of sale, baiance in two equal Installments, payable one (1) and
two (2) years, respectively, from day of sale, with
interest at six per centum per annum, payable
semi-annually, secured by deed of trust upon the
property, or all cash, at purchaser's option. Deposit of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) required at time of sale. Terms to be compiled with
within fifteen (15) days. Conveyancing, revenue
stamps, etc., at purchaser's cost.

LOHN RIDOUT

JOHN RIDOUT,
R. ROSS PERRY, Jr.,
LEONARD J. MATHER.
JAMES W. RATCLIFFE, Auct. Trustees

C. G. SLOAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 1407 G ST TRUSTEES' SALE OF FIVE HANDSOME NEW

TRUSTEES SALE OF FIVE HANDSOME NEW BRICK HOUSES, NOS. 1318 TO 1326. INCLUSIVE, WHITNEY AVENUE, COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
By virtue of a certain deed of trust, recorded September 13, 1900, in Liber No. 2513, folio 314 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, we will sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY FIRST, 1902. AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following described real estate, situate in the county of Washington, District of Columbia, to wit:

Lots thirty-five (35), thirty-six (36), thirty-sever (37), thirty-eight (38) and thirty-nine (39), in block thirty-seven (37), of Columbia Heights, numbered 1318, 1320, 1322, 1324 and 1326 Whitney avenue, between 13th and 14th streets n.w.; each lot improved by a new four-story brick residence, two baths, steam heat and other modern improvements. baths, steam heat and other modern improvements; just completed and never occupied.

These are very desirable, comfortable and accessible houses, in a rapidly improving section, and should attract buyers and homeseckers.

Terms on each house: One-third cash, the balance in one, two and three years (with interest at 6% per annum, payable semi-annually), secured by a deed of trust on the property, or all cash, at purchaser's option. All conveyancing, recording, notarial fees and stamps at cost of purchaser. A deposit of \$200 will be required at time of sale, and should the terms be not complied with in fit teen days from the day of sale, the trustees reserve the right to resell the property so in default at such previous public notice as they may deem necessary.

L. O. DeLASHMUTT,

M. J. COLBERT,

Trustees. Trustees

MOST CALLS KAISER A CLOWN. And New York "Reds" Are Closely

Watched by Police. A special dispatch to the Baltimore Sun from New York last night says: While neither the police nor General Carl Buenz, task of the government at Washington in German consul general in New York, will the part of anarchists while Prince Henry is in this city, extraordinary precautions will be taken to keep all known "reds" under strict surveillance while he is the guest

of New York. "We shall not surround the prince by a multitude of policemen," said Inspector Cartright today, "because in such cases fewer men are generally found more use ful as attracting less attention. Every possible precaution will be taken, however, to protect Prince Henry, and while he is here the anarchists in town will be closely

watched street, and at Justus Schwab's saloon, 50 1st street, the two chief anarchistic headquarters in New York, that any attention will be paid to the prince's visit.
"Yes. Emma Goldman is here, poor girl," said Mrs. Schwab, who conducts the saloon which many of the most extreme anarchists frequent. "Emma is here, but since she was reated so cruelly last Sep-

tember she is not allowing her home to be

known except to a few of her closest

More Incendiary Utterances Incendiary utterances in the last issue of the Freiheit, Most's newspaper, have aroused the suspicions of the city authorities. Most devotes a column and a half to bitter denunciation of Emperor William. whom he calls, among other things, "the clown of the comic monarchical opera of all nations." He declares that the lower ranks of the American army and navy will be supplied with rations of sauerkraut and limburger in order that they may get the proper tone, and that the upper ranks will baptized with Rhine wine. He then launches into a tirade on what he calls the "doglike humility of the American peoble." He also slurs President Roosevelt.

Mayor Low tonight made public the names of the men he had selected to serve upon the committee which will give the welcome of the city to Prince Henry. On the committee are all of the former mayors of New York and Brooklyn now living, Mr. Low's rival in the recent mayoralty con-test, Edward M. Shepard; Randolph Guggenhelmer, former president of the coun-cil, and many others. No member of the

board of aldermen is on the list, contrary to a custom that has long prevailed. The mayor, on the day of the launching of the kaiser's yacht, February 25, will entertain President Roosevelt and Prince A dispatch from Berlin last night says A news agency here has received a dis-patch from Chicago representing the chief of police of that city as saying that he could not be responsible for the safety of Prince Henry of Prussia while in Chicago without an increase in the detective force sufficient to defeat probable anarchist at

This cablegram is regarded by some of ficials as an invention intended to frighten Prince Henry into abandoning his trip or to inject a sinister element into his vist During Prince Henry's call on Andrew D. White, United States ambassador here, he spent most of his time in examining railroad folders and maps of the country in the United States through which he is to travel, and in asking questions concerning its topography, its cities and their indus-tries. Prince Henry is reading James e's "The American Commonwealth"
"The Land of Contrasts."

Mr. White will give a dinner in honor Prince Henry next Friday night, at which the principal members of the prince's suite. with their wives, will be present, and to which Count von Buelow, the imperial chancellor, and Baron von Richtofen, the minis-ter of foreign affairs, and other ministers have accepted invitations.

The Kaiser's Gift 'o Harvard. A dispatch from Berlin says: The gift of Emperor William to Harvard University will be much larger than was at first supposed. The emperor's gift consists of casts and some bronzes illustrating every phase of the German plastic art from the Romanesque period to the Renaissance. The casts number several thousand, and their originals are to be found in every city of the empire where anything distinctive or beautiful is represented. The collection embraces casts of monuments and sculptures and architectural casts. The entire cost of the collection will be defrayed from the emperor's private purse, and it is estimated at about half a million

marks. Andrew D. White, United States ambas-sador here, has written to President Ellot which saved much trouble to everybody. of Harvard University that the collection was joyfully accepted by both parties.

ONLY OF HARVARD University that the collection puncanson bros., Auctioneers. Jail-dis

TOMORROW. J. G. Sinclair, Auctioneer, 633 LA. AVE.

AUCTION SALES.

We invite the attention of dealers and private buyers to our regular sale THURSDAY, JANUARY TWENTY-THIRD, AT TEN O'CLOCK. This sale will be the largest sale of the season, comprising about 50 loads of Household Furniture from aterage, also little lot Groceries, I Tough's Soda Fountain. Consignments received up to hour of sale. 1* JAMES W. RATCLIFFE, AUCTIONEER. Sale of 1,000 pieces of Cloth, including Cashmeres, Cheviots, Serge,

Tweeds, Worsteds, Linings, etc., in Suitings, Pants, Vest and Overcoat Patterns, by auction. On THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF JANUARY, 1902, AT TEN O'CLOCK A M. I of Jancary, 1902, AT TEN O'CLOCK A.M., I will sell, by public auction, within my sales rooms, 920 Pa. ave. n.w., about 1,000 pieces of Cloth in Sultings, Pants Patterns, Overcont Patterns, Linings, &c., being the entire stock of an up-to-date tailoring establishment, removed to my rooms for convenience. onvenience of sale. Terms cash.

JAMES W. RATCLIFFE. THOMAS J. OWEN & SON, AUCTIONEERS.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF TWO-STORY AND CEL-LAR EIGHT-ROOM BRICK DWELLING AND LOT 17.2x92 TO ALLEY, NO. 142 S STREET NORTHWEST,

NORTHWEST.

By virtue of a deed of trust, recorded in Liber No. 2574, folio 226 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, we will sell at public suction, in front of the premises, on THURSDAY, JANUARY TWENTY-THIRD, 1902, AT FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following described real estate, in Washington county, said District, to wit: Lot numbered 31, in Edmonston and Stellwagen, trustees', sub of lots in square 16, addition to Le Droit Park, as described in said deed of trust, together with the improvements thereon.

improvements thereon.

Terms of sale: The purchaser to assume an existing incumbrance of \$3,700, balance to be paid in cash. Conveyancing, recording, etc., at pur-chaser's cost. Terms to be compiled with in ten days from sale, else trustees reserve right to resell at risk and cost of purchaser in default.

ROBERT E. BRADLEY, Trustee.

ja20-3t GEORGE HENDERSON, Trustee.

JAMES W. RATCLIFFE, AUCTIONEER.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF TWO-STORY BEICK STABLE IN REAR OF PREMISES NO. 1515 R STREET NORTHWEST.

By virtue of a deed of trust duly recorded in Liber No. 2407, folio 68 ep-8eq., of the land records for the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will offer for sale, by public auction, in front of the premises, on THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF JANUARY, 1902, AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following described real estate, situate in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, to wit: Let No. 52 in G. W. Clark and George Mason's subdivision of lots in square 182, as said subdivision is recorded in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia, in book 10, page 172, subject, however, to a deed of trust recorded December 26, 1895, to secure Abraham David \$600, together with all the improvements, rights, etc. improvements, rights, etc.

Terms stated at time of sale. A deposit of \$100

BENJAMIN F. EDWARDS, BARTLETT E. HARPER,

TRUSTEES' SALE OF FIVE VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS, SITUATED ON FLORIDA AVENUE
BETWEEN P AND Q AND 22D AND 23D
STREETS NORTHWEST, AND ONE ON PRESCOTT PLACE NORTHWEST.
By virtue of six deeds of trust, duly recorded, respectively, in Liber No. 1483, folios 42, 46, 49, 52,
56 and 59 et seq. of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party
thereby secured, we will sell at public auction, in
front of the premises, on THURSDAY, THE TWEN.
TY-THIRD DAY OF JANUARY, 1902. AT HALFPAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following described real estate in the county of Washinston,
District of Columbia: Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 25 in
block 3, and lot 1 in block 22, "Kalorama Heights,"
a subdivision of parts of tract known as "The
Widow's Mite" and "Pretty Prospect," made by
decr e of the Supreme Court of the District of
Columbia, passed in Equity No. 91599, as per plat
recorded in Book County, No. 7, page 34, of the records of the surveyor's office of said District.
Terms: One-third cash, of which a deposit of
\$100 on each lot must be made at the time of
sale, and the balance in two equal installments in
one and two years from day of sale, for which
notes of the purchaser, bearing interest from day
of sale (payable semi-annually) and secured by deed
of trust on the property sold, will be taken, or all
cash at the option of the purchaser. All conveyancing, internal revenue stamps and recording at
purchaser's cost. If terms are not compiled with
within ten days from sale, the trustees reserve the
right to resell the property at the risk and cost
of the defaulting purchaser or purchasers, after
ten days' advertisement in The Evening Star newspaper.

F. B. McGUIRE,
THOS. E. WAGGAMAN, Auct.
THOS. M. GALE.

THOS. E. WAGGAMAN, Auct.

FUTURE DAYS. THOS. J. OWEN & SON, AUCTS., 913 F ST. N.W.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK DWELLING, NO. 1613 SEVENTEENTH STREET NORTH-WEST. By virtue of a certain deed of trust, duly re-corded in Liber No. 2234, folio 34 et seq., one of the land records for the District of Columbia, and the land records for the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, we will sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY FIRST, 1902, AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., the following described real estate, in the city of Washington, District of Columbia: Part of lot 19, in John B. Turton, executor, and others' subdivision of square 179, beginning for the same on 17th street at the southwest corner of said lot and running thence cast along the south line of said lot 55.83 feet; thence west 55.83 feet to 17th street; thence south along said street 18.50 feet; thence west 55.83 feet to 17th street; thence south along said street 18.50 feet to place of beginning; subject to and with all rights of way granted and reserved for alley purposes over the rear four (4) feet of hereinbefore described part of said lot 19. Above described part of said lot being

rear four (4) feet of hereinbefore described part of said let 19. Above described part of said let being and intended to be all the land conveyed by the above cited deed of trust.

Terms: One-third cash, and the balance in two (2) equal installments, in one (1) and two (2) years from day of sale, for which notes of the purchaser, bearing 6% interest from the day of sale (payable from day of sale, for which notes of the purchaser, bearing 6% interest from the day of sale (payable semi-annually), and secured by deed of trust on the property sold, will be taken, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of two bundred (\$200) dollars will be required at the time of sale. All conveyancing, internal revenue stamps and recording at purchaser's cost. If terms are not compiled with within fifteen (15) days from sale the trustees reserve the right to resell the

sale the trustees reserve the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser or purchasers after ten (10) days advertisement in The Evening Star newspaper.

JAMES C. SPRIGG, Trustee.

ja22-d&ds GEORGE DENEGRE, Trustee.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE BRICK AND FRAME STORE AND DWELLING, NO. 403 C STREET NORTHEAST, FACING STANTON PARK. PARK.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust, duly recorded in Liber 2513, folio 110 et seq., one of the land records for the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, we will sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY TWENTY-NINTH, 1902, THE HALL BASE POUR OCCUPATION. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY TWENTY-NINTH, 1902, AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., lot lettered "B," of Almira E. McDonald's subdivision of lots numbered 7, 8 and 9, in square 814, in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, as per plat recorded in Book "R. W.," follo 109, in the surveyor's office of the District of Columbia. Terms: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest at 6 per cent, secured by dee4 of trust on the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of \$100 will be required at time of sale. Conveyancing, recording and revenue stamps at purchaser's cost.

HENRY K. SIMPSON, Trustee.

Ja18-d&ds JOHN McKEE, Trustee.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF SMALL HOUSE AND LOT ON THIRTEENTH STREET BETWEEN M AND N STREETS NORTHWEST, BEING EXECUTOR'S SALE OF SMALL HOUSE AND LOT ON THIRTEENTH STREET BETWEEN M AND N STREETS NORTHWEST, BEING NO. 1216.

By authority of the will of Ellen Butler, deceased, duly admitted to probate, I will sell, at public anction, on MONDAY, JANUARY TWENTY. SEVENTH, 1902, AT HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., in front of the premises, part of lot 16, square 245. This property fronts 12 feet 4 and 4-5 inches, a depth of 110 feet to an alley, and is improved with house No. 1216 13th street.

Terms: One-third cash, balance in six and twelve months, with interest at six per cent, or all cash. Terms to be compiled with in ten days, or cash. Terms to be complied with in ten days, or property will be resold at purchaser's risk and cost. Conveysneing at purchaser's cost. ARTHUR A. BIRNEY, Executor.

ja17-dts Washington Loan and Trust building.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF FRAME DWELLING, NO. 1603 GRACELAND COURT.

By virtue of a decree of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, passed in Equity Cause No. 20244. the undersigned trustee will offer for sale, at public auction, in front of the premises, on FRIDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1902, AT FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., part of lot 44, in Claggett's subdivision of block 30, in Long Meadows, District of Columbia, as per plat in Book County 6, folio 24, of the records of the surveyor's office of the District of Columbia. Also the east four (4) feet front on 20-foot alley by 85 feet deep of lot 101 of Wm. F. Lewis' subdivision of block 30 in said Long Mendows; said Lewis' subdivision being in County Book 6, folio 114, of the records of the surveyor's office of the District of Columbia, both of said pieces described as one, as follows: Beginning for the same on said 20-foot alley, distant 42 feet northwesterly from the northeast corner of said sublot 44, and running thence northwesterly on said alley 12 feet, southwesterly 85 feet, and sontheasterly parallel to said second line 85 feet to the beginning, together with all the improvements, rights, etc., and being the same property conveyed to Elizabeth 8. Conrad by Fenton Eligeway and wife by deed dated April 15th, 1894, and recorded in Liber 1909, folio 14 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia. ja17-dts Washington Loan and Trust building

seq., of the land.

Terms: One-third cash on day of sale or final ratification thereof by sourt, residue in requal installments at six and twelve months faday of sale, with interest at 6 per cent per num until paid, purchaser to give notes for deferred payments secured by deed of trust on property sold, or all cash, at option of purchase Deposit of \$100 required at time of sale. Te to be compiled with within fifteen days. seq.,

THOS. J. OWEN & SON, AUCTS., 913 F ST. N.W.

WALTER B. WILLIAMS & CO., AUCTIONEERS,